COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE STANDARD SAFETY OPERATIONS MANUAL

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 2010 DATE ISSUED: 09/10/96

SUBJECT: Workplace Violence, EFFECTIVE DATE: 09/10/96
Threats and Security LAST REVISED: 09/22/06

PURPOSE: To implement a County Wide Zero Tolerance Standard with regard to threats and violent

behavior in the workplace.

POLICY: In addition to the Injury/Illness Prevention Program, which defines measures necessary to

protect the health and safety of County employees, it is the policy of Riverside County to provide a safe workplace for all employees through implementing a Zero Tolerance Standard. To ensure a safe workplace and to reduce the risk of violence, all employees should review and understand all provisions of this standard. This includes threats and violent behavior, direct, indirect, implied or actual, from any person, and directed toward any person, occurring at any County facility or in connection with the conduct of County business without regard to

location.

OBJECTIVE: 1. To assure that all workplace threats and violent behavior are addressed promptly.

2. To assure the level of physical/facility security in Riverside County workplaces is sufficient to protect the health and safety of County employees.

- 3. To ensure that the County of Riverside is in complete conformance with all Title 8, California Code of Regulations, General Industry Safety Orders and mandates relative to violence in the workplace.
- To ensure that all disciplinary action taken for behavior prohibited under this policy is reviewed, evaluated, and administered consistently and equitably throughout the County.

SCOPE: All County employees.

I. GENERAL OVERVIEW

Cal/OSHA requires all employers to develop an Injury, Illness Prevention Program (IIPP) for hazards unique to their place of employment. This IIPP provides the framework for all County of Riverside department, agency and special district programs for preventing assaults – specifically, one of the hazards of work in health care and community service, and perhaps the community as a whole. Further, because of the potential for injury to workers, health care and community service organizations must comply with Title 8 of the CCR, Section 3203. This regulation requires an IIPP, which stipulates that responsible persons perform worksite analyses, identify sentinel events, and establish controls and training programs to reduce or eliminate hazards to worker health and safety.

Circumstances associated with workplace violence events can be divided into three major types, Type I, II, and III. It is important to keep in mind that a particular occupation or workplace may be subject to more than one type. One type is no more important than another.

Type I workplace violence involves a violent act by an assailant that has no legitimate relationship to the workplace and usually enters the workplace to commit a robbery or other criminal act.

The perpetrator of Type II incidents is either the recipient or the object of a service provided by the affected workplace or the victim, e.g., the assailant is a former client, patient, customer, passenger,

criminal, suspect or prisoner. It is reported (Cal/OSHA Publication, 3/10/98) that during the past few years, violence resulting in death of California healthcare and community workers occurred in emergency rooms, psychiatric hospitals, community and mental health clinics and social service offices. Assaults, hostage taking, rapes, robbery and other violent actions are also reported in these settings. Statistics show forty-one percent of assaults occurred in the psychiatric units, emergency rooms (18%), medical units (13%), surgical units (8%), and even pediatric units (7%).

Type III incidents of workplace violence predominately consist of assaults by an individual who has some present or prior employment-related involvement with a specific workplace. A Type III incident typically involves a threat or physical action against an employee, supervisor, management, current or former spouse, or an unrequited romantic interest. Perpetrators of Type III incidents are customarily found to be current or former employees; a current or former spouse or lover; spurned suitor; relative or friend; or some other person who holds a real or imaginary grievance against an employee of that workplace.

II. ZERO TOLERANCE STANDARD

The County of Riverside does not tolerate any type of workplace violence committed by or against employees. Employees are prohibited from making threats or engaging in violent activities. The list of Zero Tolerance behaviors with regard to threats and/or violence shall include, but not be limited to, the following proactive measures and/or prohibited behaviors:

- No person shall engage, or be allowed to engage, in violent conduct or make threats
 of violence, implied, actual, direct, or indirect, or cause actual physical injury to
 another person at a County workplace or in connection with the conduct of County
 business.
- 2. All threatening comments, remarks or violent behavior, implied, actual, direct or indirect at any county location or at any location where county business is being conducted are to be taken seriously, and are never to be dismissed and are to be reported immediately to the department supervisor. Supervisors shall take necessary steps to ensure the incident is immediately reported to an appropriate Department head, County Safety Division and Human Resources Employee Relations, except for incarcerated (jail) inmates, juvenile wards and mental health patients. NOTE: These agencies should follow the procedures outlined in the Enforcement sub-section of this section.
- 3. Any aggressive or hostile behavior that creates a reasonable fear of injury to another person or subjects another individual to emotional distress.
- 4. Intentionally damaging County of Riverside property or property of another.
- 5. Unless authorized by the County, being in possession of a weapon while on County of Riverside property or while on County business.
- 6. Committing acts motivated by, or related to, sexual harassment or domestic violence.

Any potentially dangerous situation must be reported immediately to a supervisor and the County Human Resources Department - Safety Division, at telephone number (951) 955-3520. Reports can be made anonymously and all reported incidents will be investigated. Reports or incidents warranting confidentiality will be handled appropriately and information will be disclosed to others only on a need-to-know basis. All parties

involved in a situation will be counseled and results of the investigation will be discussed with them. The County will actively intervene at any indication of a possible hostile or violent situation.

The supervisor to whom an incident is reported shall immediately provide security for the threatened individual, co-workers, and the public at the worksite by:

- a. Immediately placing an employee alleged to have made threats or engaged in violent behavior on paid leave pending the outcome of an investigation. Exceptions to immediately placing the employee on Leave of Absence may be granted only by immediate discussion with and approval by the Director of Human Resources or Designee.
- b. Ensuring that any threatening or violent person, employee or member of the public, leaves the work site; except for incarcerated (jail) inmates, juvenile wards and mental health patients.
- c. Immediately contacting an appropriate Law Enforcement Agency if necessary to ensure removal of the offender from the scene; and
- d. Ensuring that an employee who has been the victim of a job related threat or violence occurring away from County work site(s) does not revisit the scene until an investigation has been completed.

Enforcement:

- a. Threats, threatening conduct, or any other acts of aggression or violence in the workplace will not be tolerated. Any employee determined to have committed such acts will be subject to disciplinary action, up to and including termination. Non-employees engaged in violent acts on County of Riverside premises will be reported to the proper authorities.
- b. All reports of threats and violent behavior, implied, actual, direct, or indirect, are to be documented and investigated. Such documentation shall include a narrative of the incident including names and other appropriate identification of the parties involved, verbal comments made or description of the violent behavior, witness names, and witness statements.
- c. For incarcerated (jail) inmates, juvenile wards, and mental health patient's facilities, the following procedures should be followed by the department:
 - (1) a. Ascertain the behavioral history of new and transferred patients to learn about any past violent or assaultive behaviors.
 - b. Establish a system such as chart tags, logbooks, or verbal census reports to identify patients and clients with assaultive behavior problems, keeping in mind patient confidentiality and worker safety issues. The log book/records are to be made available upon request by Human Resources County Safety Division and/or Human Resources Employee Relations.

- (2) Prepare contingency plans to treat clients who are acting out or making verbal or physical attacks or threats.
- (3) Report any serious threat to the County Safety Division, and then follow up with a written report.
- (4) County employees who engage in threats or violent behavior, direct, indirect, implied, or actual, against co-workers or any other person in connection with County business, are to be subject to legal action by law enforcement authorities and disciplinary actions, up to and including termination of employment.
- (5) Managers and supervisors who fail to carry out their responsibilities in accordance with this policy and procedure will be subject to disciplinary action up to and including termination.
- (6) Unless specifically required or authorized in the course of employment, Riverside County employees are prohibited from possessing offensive or defensive weapons (firearms, knives, clubs, mace, pepper spray, tear gas, etc.) at any County facility or in connection with the conduct of County business without regard to location as outlined in 171b of the Standard California Codes Penal Code.

III. RESPONSIBILITIES

- A. County Safety Division will:
 - 1. Direct and plan an effective Injury/Illness Prevention Program for Workplace Violence for the County on an Agency/Department-wide basis.
 - 2. Coordinate Workplace Violence Program needs with Agencies/Departments by providing appropriate professional and technical resources.
 - 3. Recommend Engineering and Administrative controls as needed.
 - 4. Ensure quality and timeliness of training programs.
 - 5. Ensure that appropriate reporting requirements have been met; i.e. (Federal and state).
 - 6. Conduct periodic inspections of County (owned, leased, etc.) premises to evaluate and determine any vulnerability to workplace violence or hazards. Any necessary corrective action will be taken to reduce all risks.
- B. Sheriff's Department will:

- Coordinate and assist in the Direction and Planning of an effective Injury/Illness Prevention Program for Workplace Violence for the County on an Agency/Department-wide basis.
- 2. Coordinate Workplace Violence Program needs with Agencies/Departments by providing appropriate professional resources, technical resources, and investigative assistance when necessary.
- 3. Recommend Engineering and Administrative controls as needed.
- 4. Coordinate and ensure quality and timeliness of training programs.
- C. County Employee Relations will:
 - 1. Provide assistance and guidance to Department managers and supervisors in the investigation of the incident.
 - Provide advice and direction as to immediate action to be taken with the employee alleged to have made a threat.
 - 3. Undertake assessment and evaluation of the incident in consultation with Department head or designee for determination of disciplinary action. However, the County of Riverside Human Resources Department reserves the right at its discretion to initiate a threat assessment team to assess and evaluate the circumstances and investigation findings.
 - 4. Consider and evaluate recommendation by Department head.
 - 5. Approve final disciplinary action.
 - 6. In hiring, take reasonable measures to conduct background investigations to review candidates' backgrounds and reduce the risk of hiring individuals with a history of violent behavior.
- D. Agency/District/Department Heads must:
 - 1. Ensure this policy is fully implemented in all work locations within their area of responsibility.
 - 2. Ensure that managers and supervisors are fully informed of Zero Tolerance.
 - Assure that incident documentation is completed accurately and in a timely manner.
 - 4. Ensure that all managers and supervisors attend the County Human Resources/Safety Division Workplace Violence Training Program.

- 5. Ensure that all threats and violent behavior, direct, indirect, actual or implied, are reported to appropriate law enforcement agencies, County Human Resources Employee Relations and County Safety Division.
- 6. Ensure investigation materials and disciplinary letters are sent to County Employee Relations for review and approval in a prompt and timely manner.
- 7. Ensure that all County work sites and work practices within the Agency/District/Department areas of responsibility are reviewed for the purpose of providing employee security and protection from the potential of reasonably foreseeable violent action.
- 8. Undertake appropriate discipline as determined by County Human Resources.
- 9. Ensure that they implement an effective safety and security program, which places employee safety and health on the same level of importance as patient/client safety.
- Ensure County of Riverside commitment to security in their department and to employees and the assurance that every effort will be made to prevent its occurrence.

E. Manager/Supervisor must:

- 1. Report all incidents of actual violence, persons with weapons and other cases when deemed necessary to Local Law Enforcement Agency.
- 2. Take steps immediately available to provide safety to the victim and others.
- 3. Immediately place the employee who is alleged to have made the threats or have engaged in the violent behavior, direct, indirect, actual or implied, on paid administrative leave pending investigation. Exceptions to immediately placing the employee on Leave of Absence may be granted only by immediate discussion with and approval by the Director of Human Resources or Designee.
- 4. Report all incidents immediately to management, County Human Resources, Employee Relations and County Safety Division.
- 5. Be knowledgeable of the Zero Tolerance Standard.
- 6. Ensure that all their employees attend the County Human Resources/Safety Division Workplace Violence Training Program.
- 7. Use resources and programs available within the County and the County Safety Division to address Workplace Violence Concerns.
- 8. **Immediately** begin investigation, review and verify all reported threats and violent behavior.
- 9. Ensure that all reports of threats and violent behavior, direct, indirect, actual or implied, are fully and formally investigated with the assistance and involvement of the County Safety Division and County Employee Relations staff.

F. Employees must:

- 1. Not make threats, either real or those, which may be perceived as real, or engage in violent behavior in connection with or during the course of Riverside County employment.
- 2. Immediately report all incidents of threats or violent behavior to supervisors.
- 3. Immediately disengage and contact the supervisor upon any instance of overt violence or threatening behavior.

Note: Employees are not expected to be skilled at identifying potentially dangerous persons, however employees are expected to exercise good judgement and to inform County Human Resources/Safety Division if any employee exhibits behavior which could be a sign of a potentially dangerous situation. Such behavior might include:

- Discussing weapons or bringing them to the workplace;
- Displaying overt signs of extreme stress, resentment, hostility, or anger;
- Making threatening remarks:
- Sudden or significant deterioration of performance; and/or,
- Displaying irrational or inappropriate behavior.
 - G. No individual department, Agency or district policy or plan shall be promulgated to supersede, interpret or administer this policy other than operational rules developed by the County Human Resources Department, and as mandated by Section II, Enforcement c(2), of this policy.

IV. SECURITY HAZARD ASSESSMENT & IDENTIFICATION

Worksite analysis should be done by using a systematic method to identify those areas requiring an assessment of security hazards. This analysis should accomplish the following:

- 1. Identify those work positions in which employees are at risk of assaultive behavior;
- 2. Identifying high risk factors that include elements such as physical risk factors of the buildings, isolated locations, job assignment locations, high risk activities and situations, inadequate lighting and areas of previous security difficulty;
- 3. Determine if risk factors have been reduced or eliminated to the extent feasible;
- 4. Analyze all newly modified or planned facilities to ensure that hazards are reduced or eliminated; and
- 5. Conduct periodic surveys whenever there are changes in operational functions to identify new or previously detected risks in security applications or practices. Surveys must be conducted annually.

Analysis of this information will be accomplished by Human Resources/Safety Division and should be incorporated into a plan of correction for current and continuous hazard prevention and control.

Hazard assessments for workplace security will be performed in the form of periodic inspections. These inspections will consist of identification and evaluation of workplace security hazards and changes in employee work practices. Inspections to identify and evaluate workplace security hazards should be performed by the employee designated to perform inspections as outlined in the Department's Injury/Illness Prevention Program.

Additional items to consider when assessing workplace security hazards include, but are not limited to the following:

- Access to, and freedom of movement within the workplace by non-employees, including recently discharged employees or persons with whom an employee is having a dispute.
- Adequacy of workplace security systems, such as door locks, security windows, physical barriers, and restraint systems.
- Frequency and severity of threatening or hostile situations that may lead to violent acts by persons who are service recipients of the department.
- Effectiveness of systems to warn others of a security danger or to summon assistance (e.g., alarms or panic buttons).
- The use of work practices such as "buddy" systems for specified emergency events.

V. GUIDELINES FOR IMMEDIATE RESPONSE

Any response to an incident involving an assault, which has resulted in injury or death, should be limited in scope. The individual on scene who observes the incident should limit their activities to the following:

- Dial 911. If using an intra-County phone system, Dial 9-911.
- Render comfort and minor first aid to any injured victims.
- Immediately notify the following:
 - County Human Resources Employee Relations 955-8849
 - County Safety Division 955-3520 (no answer, call hotline)
 - County Safety Hotline 955-5868 (message phone)
 - Your Department Safety Representative:

The first management personnel responding to the incident must immediately ensure that the above actions have been initiated.

VI. INCIDENT INVESTIGATIONS

Procedures for investigating incidents of workplace violence, including threats and physical injury, include the following:

- 1. Arriving at the scene of an incident as soon as possible;
- 2. Immediately place employee allegedly making threat or engaging in violent behavior, direct, indirect, actual or implied, on administrative leave. Exceptions to immediately placing the employee on Leave of Absence may be granted only by immediate discussion with and approval by the Director of Human Resources or Designee.
- 3. Contact County Safety Division and Human Resources Employee Relations immediately upon knowledge of threats and/or violent behavior, direct, indirect, actual or implied;
- 4. Interviewing threatened or injured employees and witnesses;
- 5. Complete and forward Workplace Threat Incident and Threat Assessment forms to Human Resources/Safety Division. Department will retain Canary copy for files;
- 6. Examining the workplace for security risk factors associated with the incident, after release of the scene by law enforcement personnel in the event that the incident involves injuries or death;
- 7. Determining the cause of the incident:
- 8. Reviewing all such previous incidents;
- 9. Taking corrective action to prevent the incident from recurring, i.e., Physical Security Measures.

VII. TRAINING

All employees, including managers and supervisors, shall have training and instruction on general and job-specific workplace security practices. Training and instruction shall be provided when the Illness/Injury Prevention Program for Workplace Security is first established and periodically thereafter. Training shall also be provided to all new employees, other employees that have not previously been trained, and to all employees given new job assignments for which specific workplace security training for that job assignment has not previously been provided. Additional training and instruction must be provided to all personnel whenever new or previously unrecognized security hazards are identified.

Cal/OSHA (3/98) advises that training employees in the management of assaultive behavior or professional assault response has been shown to reduce the incidence of assaults to health care workers. It is recognized that some safety measures may seem expensive or difficult to implement, but are needed to adequately protect the health and well being of health care and community services workers. It is also important to recognize that the belief that certain risks are "part of the job" contributes to the continuation of violence and possibly the shortage of trained health care and community service workers. Cal/OSHA recognizes its obligation to develop standards and guidelines to provide safe workplaces for health care and community service workers. These workplaces should be free from health and safety hazards, including the fear and threat of assaults.

General workplace security training and instruction includes, but is not limited to, the following;

- 1. Explanation of the Illness/Injury Prevention Program for Workplace Security including measures for reporting any violent acts or threats of violence;
- 2. Recognition of workplace security hazards including the risk factors associated with the Type I, Type II and Type III of workplace violence;
- 3. Measures to prevent workplace violence, including procedures for reporting workplace security hazards or threats to managers and supervisors;
- 4. Measures to summon others for assistance:
- 5. Employee routes of escape;
- 6. Notification of law enforcement authorities when a criminal act may have occurred,
- 7. Emergency medical care provided in the event of any violent act upon an employee; and
- 8. Post-event trauma counseling for those employees desiring such assistance. Within the major elements, record keeping is the heart of the program, providing information for analysis, evaluation of methods control, severity determinations, identifying training needs or overall program evaluations.

VIII. RECORD KEEPING

Within the major elements, record keeping is the heart of the program, providing information for analysis, evaluation of methods control, severity determinations, identifying training needs or overall program evaluations.

Records shall be kept of the following:

- OSHA logs. OSHA regulations require entry on the Injury Illness Log of any injury, which requires more than first aid, is a lost time injury, requires modified duty, or causes loss of consciousness. Assaults should be entered on the log. Doctor's reports of work injury and supervisor's reports shall be kept of each recorded assault.
- A system of recording and communicating should be developed so that all staff who
 may provide care for an escalating or potentially aggressive, abusive, or violent client
 will be aware of the status of the client and of any problems experienced in the past.
 This information regarding history of past violence should be noted on the patient's
 chart, communicated in the shift change report and noted in an incident log.
- Any information gathering system should be in place which will enable incorporation of
 past history of violent behavior, incarceration, probation reports or any other
 information which will assist health care, community service and home visit staff to
 assess violence status.

- Records need to be kept concerning assaults, including the type of activity, (i.e., unprovoked sudden attack, patient to patient altercation), and management of assaultive behavior actions resulting in any injury to an employee, and must be reported to the County Safety Division within 8 hours or sooner. Information needed includes who was assaulted, and circumstances of the incident without focusing on any alleged wrongdoing of staff persons. These records also need to include a description of the environment, location or any contributing factors, corrective measures identified, including building design, or the measures needed. Determination must be made of the nature of the injuries sustained.
- Doctors reports of injuries should be sent to the Worker's Compensation Division;
- Department Investigation Reports must be completed and sent to the Safety Division within twenty-four (24) hours after initial incident; and
- Training records will be maintained for a period of three (3) years.

IX. HAZARD REDUCTION AND CONTROL

In order to reduce, eliminate, and control hazards, engineering, administrative, and work controls for all job assignments and facility locations must be implemented.

1. Engineering Controls for Facilities

Bright and effective lighting systems must be provided for all indoor building areas as well as grounds and parking areas.

Curved mirrors should be installed at intersections of halls or in areas where an individual may conceal their presence or activity.

No employee should be permitted to work alone in an isolated unit or facility located in a high crime area.

Fixed and mobile alarm system trigger devices, to be used in facilities which are prone to robberies or when a customer's abusive behavior is escalating or threatening with or without a weapon.

In order to provide some measure of safety and to keep the employee in contact with headquarters or a source of assistance, cellular phones should be provided for official use when staff are assigned to duties which take them out into the community and especially private homes. These workers may include (but are not limited to) parking and code enforcement officials, psychiatric evaluators, public social service workers, children's service workers, visiting nurses and home health aides.

Hand held alarm or noise devices or other effective alarm devices are highly recommended to be provided for all field personnel.

Beeper or alarm systems, which alert a central office of problems, should be investigated and provided field personnel.

Other protective devices should be investigated and provided such as pepper sprays.

Administrative Controls:

A sound overall program to deter and control violence includes administrative controls that reduce hazards from insufficient security measures. While not all inclusive, the following suggested guidelines are basic to this process:

A plan to deal effectively with a customer/client who behaves in an aggressive manner, which includes a gradual progression of measures for employees to deter aggressive behavior from escalating to assaults.

Any uniformed security personnel should be trained in the principles of human behavior and methods of dealing with threats, verbal abuse, or violent aggression.

Employees must understand and be encouraged to report all threatening, aggressive, or assaultive incidents. All such incidents must be recorded and appropriate action taken.

Psychiatric clients/patients should be escorted to and from waiting rooms and not permitted to move about unsupervised in clinic areas. Access to clinic facilities other than waiting rooms should be strictly controlled with security provisions in effect.

Staff members should be given the greatest possible assistance in obtaining information to evaluate the history of or potential for, violent behavior inpatients and/or clients. They should be required to treat and/or interview aggressive or agitated clients in open areas where other staff may observe interactions, but still maintain privacy and confidentiality.

Assistance and advice should be sought in case management conferences with co-workers and supervisors to aid in identifying treatment of potentially violent clients. Whenever an agitated client or visitor is encountered, treatment or intervention should be provided when possible to diffuse the situation. However, security personnel or other assistance should be requested to help in avoiding violence.

No employee should be permitted to work or stay in a facility or isolated unit when they are the only staff member present in the facility, if the location is so isolated that they are unable to obtain assistance if needed, or in the evening or at night if the clinic or office is closed.

Employees must report all incidents of aggressive behavior such as pushing, threatening, etc., with or without injury, and logs must be maintained recording all incidents or near incidents. Also, any verbally threatening, aggressive or assaultive incident must be reported and logged.

Records, logs, or flagging charts must be updated whenever information is obtained regarding assaultive behavior or previous criminal behavior.

Administrators should work with local police or sheriff's office to establish liaison and response mechanisms for police assistance when calls are made for help by a clinic. Likewise, this will also facilitate the clinic or offices provision of assistance to local police in handling emergency cases.

3. Reduce, Eliminate & Control Hazards in Health Care & Community Services

Cal/OSHA (3/98), recommends that all employers involved with health care and community service facilities should investigate programs or robbery deterrence strategies such as increased lighting, closed circuit TV monitors, visible money handling locations, if sales are involved, limiting access and egress and providing security staff.

APPENDIX A WORKPLACE THREAT INCIDENT REPORT AGAINST COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE EMPLOYEE

WORKPLACE THREAT INCIDENT REPORT AGAINST COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE EMPLOYEE

1.	Name of Individual threatening County employee:							
2.	Relationship to County:							
3.	Physical description: Hair _		Eyes I	Height				
	Weight	Ethnicity _						
	Distinguishing characteristic	cs						
4.	(attach picture if possible) Circumstances of threat:							
5.	Location of threat:							
6.	Date:		_ Time:					
7.	Exact words of threat:							
8.	Threatened County employe							
9.	Department:							
10.	Work address:							
11.	Work telephone:		Home telephone:					
12.	Additional Comments:							
13.	Supervisor:		Work Phone: _					
	ify under penalty of perjury the rledge.	above informa	ation is true and correct to	the best of my				
Threatened County Employee Signature Date			Supervisor's Signature	Date				
				retained by the Department. e to be sent to the County				

Revised 1/99

APPENDIX B EMPLOYEE TRAINING DOCUMENTATION

INDIVIDUAL EMPLOYEE TRAINING DOCUMENTATION

NAME OF TR	AINER/INS	TRUCTOR				
TRAINING SU	JBJECT:	WORKPLACE VIOLENCE				
TRAINING MA	TRAINING MATERIALS USED:					
NAME OF EM	MPLOYEE:					
DEPARTMEN	NT:					
DATE OF HIR	RE/ASSIGN	MENT:				
I, ————— Hereby certif	y that I rec	eived training as described	in the following areas:			
[]	[] Explanation of the Illness/Injury Prevention Program for workplace security including measures for reporting any violent acts or threats of violence.					
[]		tion of workplace security he II and Type III of workplace	nazards including the risk factors as e violence.	sociated with		
[]		es to prevent workplace viole hazards or threats to mana	nce, including procedures for reporti gers and supervisors.	ing workplace		
[]	Measure	es to summon others for ass	sistance.			
[]	Employe	ee routes of escape.				
[]] Notification of law enforcement authorities when a criminal act may have occurred.					
[] I fully unders Violence Poli	tand this tr		nose employees desiring such assis the instructions received, and with t			
Employee Signature			Date			
Trainer/Instructor Signature			Date			

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